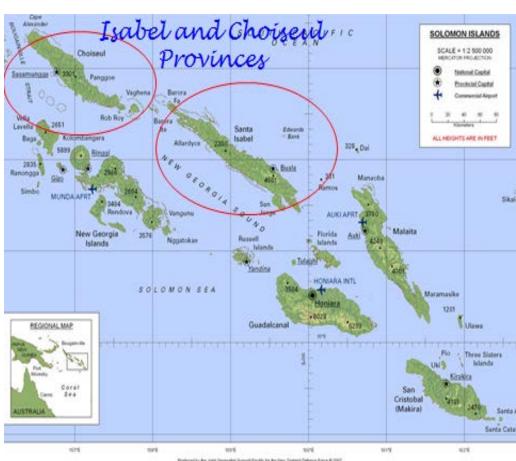
# Using Ridges to Reef Conservation Planning in addressing the Goals of the Coral Triangle in the Communities in Solomon Islands

Willie Atu
The Nature Conservancy
Solomon Islands

### Solomon Islands





### Coral Triangle is a Political Agenda

APEC Meeting (Sydney, Australia) 2007

**Manado Summit, Indonesia 2009** 





"We believe also in the inter-generational aspect of CTI – that these resources are available to our children and our grandchildren after we have gone from the surface of Mother Earth... Let us ensure that it will always be the livelihood of our people past, present and future - that will motivate us and energize us to implement the ideals of this newfound entity. Let not the greed of selfishness and corruption divert our attention from the noble intentions of CTI. CTI is no longer an idea. CTI is no longer a concept. CTI is reality in the CT6 countries."

> Statement at CTI Summit by Hon. Dr. Derek Sikua Prime Minister of Solomon Islands

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He said development cooperation and effec-

experiences of Alrican states during the side line session.

cooperation with there has Figure and courses we tional partners, member nations of the coral triangle initiative are crucial

ters themselves and the different cultures and aphouse in due course, non. Light Dr Sikua said. CDI ma

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### Parliament hears about CTI

By EDDIE DSIFELO THE Coral Triangle Is life.

MINISTER for Environment, Climate Change, Disaster Management. and Meteorology, John Moffat Pugui highlighted this when he tabled the Solomon Islands National Plan of Action on Coral Triangle Initiative en Coral Reefs, Fisherles and Food Security for Parliament to resolves itself into a committee of whole house to consider it vesterday

New Guinea and Timor-Leste working together to sostain extraordinary marine and coastal resources by addressing crucial issues such as food security, climate change and marine biodiversity.

The common goal and policy priority of National Plan of Action is that: Solomon Islands sustainably manages marine and constal resources to ensure Food Security, sustainable economic development. biodiversity conservation and adaptation to emerging threats through Community Based Resource Management approaches

community based resource management, which consistent with National Coalition for Rural Advance-

ment (NCRA) Go policy in terms o ing awareness t val communities importance of t resources and bet sponsible custed natural environr

He said it w consistents with tional Develops egy Policy on environmental holistic way so to climate chan ability, halt de of ecosystem damaged ecos

programmes and projects that are implemented by the Ministry of EnvironProgramme Partnership with MECDM, SICHE and UNDP involving a certificate on environment studies programmes.

### Opposition support CTI action plan

THE Opposition Group has declared full support for Solomon Islands National Action Plan on the Coral Triangle Initiative (CTI) for the maintenance of marine resources in the Coral Triangle region and



### ogavare warns on CTI challenge EDDIE OSIFFLO

EMBER of Parliament for st Choiseul, Manasseh Sogae warns the country on the allenges it may face from the al Triangle Initiative (CTI). he Coral Triangle Initiative a multilateral partnership of countries namely Solomon Isds, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philines, Papus New Guines and tor Loate working begether matain extraordinary marine coastal resources by addresscrucial issues such as food urity, climate change and mabiodiversity

Minister for Environment, Climate Change, Disaster Management and Meteorology, John Motfat Fugui yesterday tabled the Solomon Islands National Plan of Action on Goral Triangle Initiative on Coral Reefs, Pisheries and Food Security for Parliament to resolves itself into a committee of whole house to consider it yes-

The common goal and policy priority of National Plan or Action is that: "Solomon Islands sustainably manages marine and constal resources to ensure Food. Security, sustainable economic development, biodiversity conservation and adaptation to emerging threats through Community Based Resource Management approaches supported by Government agencies and partners.

Sogavare said the challenges to the country or to the government to be more precise come in three

"The first as I just discussed comes from the possibility of misunderstanding by our people on the real objective of our membership of the CTL" he said.

"The second front of our challenges comes from how we relate to the regional commitment as far as our national obligation to the specific strategies agreed with the member countries of the CTI is concern; especially how we localize the regional commit-

The third challenge for us to pursue an economic development strategy that will slowly case the pressure on our heavy reliance on natural resources to sustain the economy; and to support a credible public investment programme," the fermer Prime Minister who attended the first Coral Triangle Leaders' Summit in Manado, Indonesia said.

Sogavare had consented that Solomon Islands be part of the Coral Triangle Initiative.

"We have been complacent for too long and may be carried away with our rich resource endowment and have become very careless," he said.

"As a matter of fact, at the planning level our membership of the CFI gives us a wonderful to rethink our strategies.

"Opportunities will open and opening in sectors like tourism. agriculturo, sustainable leage scale inshore fisheries development, rural livestock development so forth. I cannot think of a better and more appropriate time to do that than now. We would be simply stupid to leave that for tomorrow." Mr Sogavare said.

resources to ensure food security, sustainable cou-

### The Goals of the Coral Triangle

- Priority Seascapes
- Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries Management (EAFM)
- Marine Protected Areas
- Climate Change
- Threatened Species

### Coral Triangle at the National Level

### Solomon Islands National Plan of Action (NPoA)

- Manages marine and coastal resources to ensure food security, sustainable economic development, biodiversity conservation and adaptation to emerging threats through community based resource management approaches supported by government agencies and other partners.
- Targets: 50% of Solomon Island coastal, watershed and inshore area under improved management through CBRM and ICM approaches by 2015.



The Premier/Mayor Environment Roundtable Gizo Western Province, 2011

### How will we get there? How will we know if we have been successful?

## How will we get there? Our Approach - Ridges to Reef Conservation Planning in Choiseul & Isabel Provinces (Participatory Mapping)



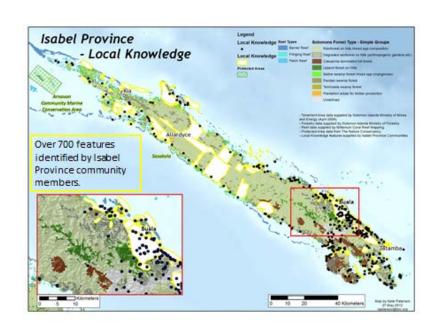


### Our Approach – Ridges to Reefs Conservation Planning

**Threats/opportunities** 

**Local/Traditional Knowledge** 



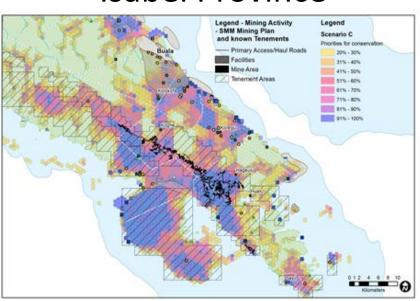


### Targets/Threats/Decisions

#### **Choiseul Province**

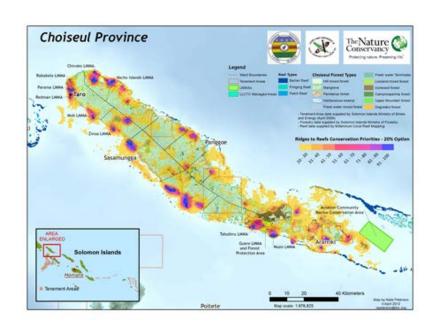
# Choise U Province Choise U Prov

#### **Isabel Province**



### Target areas/Threats/Decisions

#### **Choiseul Province**



A greater proportion of the rare and endemic ironwood species (Xanthostemon melanoxylon) that is found only in southern Choiseuland southern Isabel needs to be protected.



### SI National Biodiversity Strategy Action Plan (2014-2018) - NBSAP

By 2020, at least 17% of the terrestrial and inland water and 10% of coastal and marine areas of SI, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services are conserved through effectively management regimes through an ecologically representative and well connected system of Protected Area is established, integrated into wider landscapes and seascapes based initiatives (based on Aichi target)

### Conclusion

- Appreciation for the 'value of a place' culturally and biodiversity.
- Provincial Level Makes the Provincial Government look organized – attract development partners. Use the conservation plan as a template for development planning process.
- Addresses Ridges to Reef Connectivity 'focuses beyond species and sites'
- Scaling Up of Knowledge and Geography threats on ecosystems linked to livelihood – requests from Malaita and Western Provinces – enhances partnership.
- Cultural Seascapes/Landscape Approach Helps people to appreciate holistic approach to conservation work that we are doing – making critical decisions.